

EVENING BULLETIN.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 17, 1857.

MORE VIGILANCE COMMITTEES IN VIRGINIA.—The Winchester Virginian notices the arrest of a man in Frederick county for barn burning, and says that a Vigilance Committee has been formed who will determine what shall be done with him. The fate of Jeff Randall, in Rockingham county, does not seem to have had the desired effect, as the Staunton Spectator says that a brother of the deceased has been threatening the individuals engaged in the hanging of that notorious individual, and has written various letters in which his purposes of vengeance were indicated. In consequence of these threats, the Vigilance Committee have held several meetings with closed doors, to consult and determine their action in the premises.

AN IMPORTANT OPINION.—The question having been referred to him, the Attorney-General of Indiana, Hon. J. E. McDonald, has decided that no vacancy has occurred upon the Supreme Bench by the resignations of Judge Stewart and Judge Goochins, to take effect hereafter, which will require an election of successors to those gentlemen at the October election ensuing. The vacancy does not occur until the resignation takes effect, consequently there is no vacancy to fill until that period. So it will be the duty of the Governor to fill the vacancies on the bench, for the period that shall occur from the date when the resignations take effect till the next general election.

BOURBON FAIR.—The twenty-first annual Bourbon fair will commence on Tuesday next at Paris, Ky., and continue four days. This is the oldest agricultural fair west of the Alleghenies. It has now been in existence twenty-two years, last year having been occupied by the State fair. This Society has maintained a reputation unrivaled for its exhibition of fine stock and the hospitality of its members throughout its entire history.

BRITISH ENLISTMENTS IN FRANCE.—The British Government is offering great inducements to French half-pay and pensioned officers to enlist for the Indian army. They are to serve not less than two nor more than five years, and are to be sent out and back at government expense. The pay of captains is to be 20,000 francs; of first Lieutenants 15,000 francs, of sub-lieutenants 12,000 francs.

AN ODD INCIDENT.—A farmer in Oxford, Ohio, who was at work in his field, a few days ago, took off his vest and hung it over a fence. In one pocket was a roll of bills amounting to \$205, and in the other \$50. A three months' old calf walked up to the fence and ate off one corner of the vest pocket, money and all—\$205.

THE PROSPECTS OF THE FISHERIES.—The Yarmouth (Mass.) Register learns that there is a good prospect of a prosperous season for the fishermen. All accounts from the Bay Chaleur represent the catch as abundant, and most of the Bankers appear to bring in good fares. A prosperous year would prove a great blessing to the Cape.

Gen. Hitchcock, of the Army, publishes a scathing reply in the St. Louis Republican to the letter of Gen. Pillow, which has recently appeared, and in which he purports to give a history of the Mexican war and urges his claims for the U. S. Senate.

THE WHOLE 26,000 POSTMASTERS' ACCOUNTS FOR THE LAST QUARTER HAVE BEEN RECEIVED, TRANSCRIPTS SEPARATED, DEAD LETTER BILLS COMPARED, AND BALANCES RECORDED—AN AMOUNT OF LABOR AND A DEGREE OF EXPEDITION NEVER BEFORE WITNESSED IN THE GENERAL POST-OFFICE.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.—The product of the sales of public lands for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1857, is stated to have amounted to \$3,829,485.

Under the head of "Army and Navy Intelligence," in the Liverpool Times of August 22, is the following paragraph:

Sergeant Wallace, of the Eighty-fourth Regiment, after seventeen years' faithful service, has, by the sentence of a court-martial, been reduced to the ranks for drinking a glass of wine with a private in a hotel at Chatham.

THE SUPPLY OF SUGAR IN FRANCE.—Mr. Walsh, in his Paris letter of August 6th to the New York Journal of Commerce, says:

Sugar is falling; the beet root factories will supply this year two hundred and forty million pounds. The Isle of Reunion (Bourbon) will produce one hundred and twenty millions; the French West Indies will probably send a hundred million; altogether the supply will exceed the demand in France.

INDIAN TROUBLES.—The St. Paul Times has the following doleful account of the condition of the Sioux:

The Upper Sioux Indians are reported to be in a very wretched condition—their crops having been destroyed by the grasshoppers, and they being entirely destitute of powder or money. Their game is brought down by the bow and arrow.

The Pioneer has information that hostilities between the tribes have already commenced:

On the 27th or 29th ult., as two young men of the Sisseton Sioux were duck hunting at Lake Traverse, they were surprised by a war party of one hundred Chippewas, fired upon, and one was killed and the other slightly wounded. The wounded man immediately divested himself of his blanket, gun, &c., and ran as quickly as possible to the village, some four miles distant. A party of Sioux started in pursuit, and when they reached the bloody ground they found only the blanket, and of the person of the murdered man only the upper part of the face, nose, mouth, and chin. His friends suppose that they cut up the body and took it home, either to feed their hungry dogs or to excite the cruelty of their women and children. This is the first real fight between the Sioux and Chippewas this season—it will certainly excite retaliation.

RAT-PITS IN NEW YORK.—The New York Sun, of a late date, says:

There are only two public rat-pits in the city, though there are a number of private ones. At the principal of the public pits, which is kept by Harry Jennings, there are on average five hundred rats killed every week, or altogether twenty-six thousand a year. Those who keep pits pay sixteen each for all rats that are brought to them. The rats are caught by professional rat-catchers, or by stable boys, butcher boys, and others. There are only four professional rat-catchers in the city; one of these catches on an average forty rats every night.

Chemical Researches in Agriculture.—Dr. Jackson, the distinguished chemist of Boston, is at Washington making arrangements to carry out the plans of the Agricultural Bureau, attached to the United States Patent Office, in regard to the chemical analysis of the best soils and most important productions. These embrace the cotton plant and cotton soils, the Chinese and African sugar canes, the Chinese yam, common potato, chupas, and Indian corn. The result of Dr. Jackson's investigations will be of great interest and importance to the whole country.

THE BALTIC'S NEWS.

At the half-yearly meeting of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, a report was submitted by the Council, and adopted, in which it is represented that efforts to induce the government to encourage the introduction of Chinese and other free labor into the British colonies had been productive of no favorable impression; that the Chamber approves of the efforts of the Cotton Supply Association to increase the growth of cotton in India and elsewhere; favors the Suez canal project; and hopes that a bill establishing a uniformity of weights and measures may claim early attention in the next session of Parliament.

A prospectus of the Red Sea Telegraph Company for constructing the first section of the line to India, from Alexandria to Aden—had been issued. The Company proposes a purchase of the Atlantic Telegraph cable.

Letters from Syria report the total destruction in the desert of a caravan. The latter, consisting of 500 persons, and 1,000 camels laden with merchandise, started from Damascus on the 29th June, and by some mismanagement lost its way. The entire caravan perished, with the exception of some twenty persons.

One of the anchors for the Leviathan steamship Great Eastern, building on the Thames, arrived here yesterday, and is now lying at the George's Basin, near the landing stage. It weighs 6 tons, 19 cwt., and 2 qrs., and, being of Trotman's pattern, is equal to an ordinary anchor of 10 tons. The largest size used in the British Navy is 4½ to 5 tons, and they are of the ordinary description.

[From the London Times of August 31.]

I. dda.—The copious and lucid correspondence from India which we have now published will, at length, enable our readers to form an appreciation of those transactions which have been reported in such disjointed and fragmentary shapes during the last few days. That the intelligence is cheering is more than we can say, for it details deeds of infamy which will set the blood of every Englishman boiling in his veins; but the ascendancy of our arms before Delhi has been decisively maintained, and one of the two episodes which communicated so painful an interest to the contents of this mail acquires a much less afflicting complexion, now that the truth is known. What, too, is above all things satisfactory—we can still announce the unshaken loyalty of the Madras and Bombay armies.

It is in the Bengal Presidency alone that mutiny and murder are still rampant, and even in this territory we can except the province of Lower Bengal as one extremity and that of the Punjab at the other. In the latter district the revolt of a couple of regiments had been summarily punished by the brilliant operations of Brigadier Nicholson, who, with a flying column of infantry, had caught, beaten, and scattered the mutineers. The scene of Asiatic villainy and British endurance is still confined to the North Western Provinces, where the four great cities of Delhi, Agra, Lucknow, and Cawnpore supply so many centres of interest to thousands of British hearts. That the regular assault upon Delhi should have been still deferred will create no astonishment, and, indeed, no regret, when it is considered that the comparatively small army which would be thus plunged into the labyrinths of a populous city constitutes the chief force on which, until the arrival of succors, the ascendancy of the British Government must depend. It is encouraging, however, to learn that in every single instance the sorties of the swarming desperadoes from the city have been repulsed; that our Ghorka and Punjab auxiliaries conduct themselves with admirable fidelity and valor, and that the hour cannot be long retarded in which deeds of unspeakable horror shall be matched by a retribution as fearful and as stern.

[From the St. Joseph Gazette, Sept. 10.]

RUNAWAY NEGROES IN NEBRASKA.—*One Man Killed and one Negro Wounded.* We learn from Dr. A. J. Holliday, of Brownsville, Nebraska Territory, that a gentleman from Missouri by the name of Myers discovered near that place, on Saturday last, three negroes skulking through the bush. Satisfied from their actions that they were runaways, he went to Brownsville, reported what he had seen, and a company was soon in pursuit of them. The negroes, who were concealed in a hazel thicket, discovered the party approaching and prepared to offer determined resistance. Mr. Myers, who was in the advance of the party pointing out the spot where he had seen them, was shot twice by the negroes, and afterward beaten over the head in a brutal manner. He lived but twenty minutes after he was shot. The negroes after the first fire fled, but were pursued and fired upon by the other party. Mr. Davis, of Brownsville, came up with one of them, a large mulatto-colored fellow, who appeared to be the leader of the runaways, and the one who first shot Myers, when a hand-to-hand encounter took place. Several shots were fired by each, and the negro, receiving a severe wound in the arm, turned and attempted to escape by jumping in the river; his wounded arm being useless, he came near drowning, and Mr. Davis, discovering him in a helpless condition, pulled him out and secured him. The other two negroes escaped, but were being pursued by three gentlemen of Brownsville.

A STRANGE CASE OF POISONING.—The Warsaw (R. I.) Telegraph publishes the following: "A family residing in South Gardner, Mass., were recently poisoned by eating meat after it had been stung by a wasp. The particulars are as follows: The lady, having boiled a piece of corned beef, placed it in the window to cool. It had been there but a few moments, when she observed that a wasp had lit upon the meat and was making every exertion to escape, but in vain, the meat being so hot as to burn its feet and legs, so that it soon died. She thought nothing more of the event, however, until two or three days afterwards, when her family (consisting of herself, husband, and three daughters), after breakfasting off the meat, were taken with violent vomiting, the sickness lasting one hour and a half, with the exception of one of the young ladies, who partook of the meat sparingly, causing slight nausea. The sickness was so very peculiar, it reminded her of the wasp, and she thinks when the meat burnt him, he must have stung it by way of revenge, and thus impeded sufficient poison to occasion the sickness."

LAST FOND LOOKS.—When a lady (we are talking of a lady in the full height and breadth of fashion) has got her bonnet and gloves on, and is perfectly ready with her parasol in hand, she always goes back to the looking-glass to take a last fond look. Upon our asking "a dear handsomuch duchess" if this was not the truth, and the beautiful truth, she had the charming candor to state: "Yes, my dear *Punch*, it is the truth, but not *all* the truth. No woman, take my word for it, is satisfied with one look. At least, I know that I am not, for (and here our duchess laughed, as though she was pleased with herself and all the world) I don't mind telling you, *I invariably take four—four good ones*. The first look in the glass is for myself, that's fair; the second is for my husband, that's nothing but just; the third is for my friends, that's very generous; and the last is for my rivals, that's human nature. If the last look satisfies me, then I know it is all right, and I assure you I never take any more!"

AN INMATE OF A FRENCH MADHOUSE.—Charenton is the model mad asylum in France, and worthy of a visit from all tourists. The last comer at Charenton is Mme de C—, who was two winters ago the belle of Paris. She was equally celebrated for her ease, sprightliness, and beauty. One night, feeling slightly unwell, she took by mistake one vial for another in her medicine chest, and swallowed a poison. It was believed for a long time that she must surely die; the prompt and skillful action of the family physician vanquished the poison, but at the expense of the face, which was terribly ravaged. When the victim was in some measure restored to life, her first care was to ask for a looking-glass. Her request was imprudently granted. She saw the dreadful truth at a glance; her beauty was destroyed, her eyes were blood-shot, her cheeks swollen, her mouth twisted, and crow's feet and wrinkles furrowed her brow and eyes. She gazed with haggard eyes on the wreck for some time in silence; she gave a heart-rending shriek; she was a lunatic for life.

MARRIED.

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[Correspondence of the London Times.]

CHINA.—*Hong-Kong, July 8.*—Lord Elgin has arrived in perfect health.

The course resolved upon is this: Lord Elgin will dispatch to the authorities, for transmission to the Emperor, a letter requiring the Emperor within a specified time either to recognize or to repudiate the acts of his officers at Canton. If the court of Pei-kin repudiates Yeh and pay compensation for past

injuries and give security against their recurrence—well. If, as is most probable, either no notice be taken of the letter, or a disposition be shown to entangle the ambassador in questions of ceremonial, Lord Elgin will declare war and thus relieve the relations of the two powers from their present anomalous position.

An American, named Eli Boggs, was tried at Hong Kong on Wednesday last for piracy and murder. His name would do for a villain of the Blackbeard class, but in form and feature he was the hero of a sentimental novel; as he stood in the dock, bravely battling for his life, it seemed impossible that the handsome boy could be the pirate whose name had been for three years connected with the bold and bloodiest acts of piracy. It was a face of feminine beauty. Not a down upon the upper lip, large, lustrous eyes, a mouth, the smile of which might woo coy maiden, affluent black hair not carelessly parted, hands so small and delicately white that they would create a sensation in Belgravia—such was the Hong Kong pirate, Eli Boggs.

The defence was, of course, false. It had been proved that he had boarded a junk, and destroyed by cannon, pistol, and sword, fifteen men; and that, having forced all the rest overboard, he had fired at one of the victims, who had clutched a rope and held on astern. No witness, however, could say that he saw a man die from a blow or a shot struck or fired by the pirate. The jury, moved by his youth and courage, and straining hard their consciences, acquitted him of the murder, but found him guilty of piracy. He was sentenced to be transported for life.

[From the London Times of August 31.]

IMPORTANT FAILURES.—We announced on Friday the failure of the well-known house of Philip Allen & Sons, of Providence, R. I., and also of Zachariah Allen, of the same place. We understand that the Elm Street Company also suspended payment on the same day. Messrs. Philip Allen & Sons are known throughout the country as among the largest and most respectable manufacturers of calico prints in the United States. The senior partner of the firm was formerly Governor of Rhode Island, and is now in the United States Senate, and has been in active and successful business for more than half a century. Their liabilities are immense, amounting to about \$1,200,000. The liabilities of Zachariah Allen are reported as about \$500,000. Of the liabilities of the Elm Street Company we are not informed. The suspension of the Rhode Island manufacturers was on account of large failures in New York.

We regret to hear, also, of the suspension, on Saturday, of two well-known and respectable Boston houses—Eaton, Hill, & Candler, and William F. Freeman, both importers of, and large dealers in, dye stuffs and chemicals. The liabilities of either of these houses probably will not exceed \$200,000. Mr. F. has a large establishment at Watertown, for the manufacture of dyewoods, and has been in successful business for a number of years. Messrs. Eaton, Hill, & Candler are hard-working and enterprising young men, and have done a successful and very extensive business. Their failure in such disastrous times should be no discouragement, and its effect cannot be permanent. They have the hearty sympathy of many friends.—*Boston Traveller.*

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CHINA.—<i

TRUNKS, BONNET BOXES, AND VALISES.
GREAT BARGAINS IN TRUNKS AT
J. H. McCleary's
NATIONAL TRUNK EMPORIUM,
Corner Main and Fourth sts., Louisville, Ky.

I would respectfully invite the attention of merchants and others visiting the city to my large and elegant assortment of TRUNKS, which I believe to be larger and more numerous than any other establishment in the city. My stock embraces a greater variety of Trunks than is kept by any other house in the Western country. Many of the styles are entirely new and cannot fail to please those in want of a Trunk both as regards price and quality. The many advantages which I possess over others enable me to offer my trunks at much lower prices than any other establishment either in this city or Cincinnati. Merchants and others will be concurring in their own interests by giving me a call before making their purchases. Orders promptly attended to. [May 26 d&w&v&db17]

J. H. McCLEARY.

A. J. HARRINGTON,
 No. 533 Market st., between First and Second sts.,
 Keeps constantly on hand the choicest brands of
Havana Cigars
 AND CHEWING TOBACCO,
 Also, SNUFF, PIPES, and SMOKING TOBACCO.
 A share of public patronage solicited. a26 j&b3m

National Fair.
 Persons who contemplate showing fine stock of any description at the approaching Fair will find everything desired in the extensive SADDLERY and HARNESS ware-rooms of
 a26 j&b 61 Third st., between Main and Market.

VOGT & KLINK,
 MANUFACTURING JEWELERS and Wholesale Dealers in Watches, Clocks, and fine Jewelry, at Eastern Prices. No. 72 Third street, near Market, Louisville, Kentucky. Great care taken in setting Diamonds in all descriptions of Jewelry, and done with dispatch. N. B. Watches and Jewelry repaired in a very superior manner. 217 wj&f d&bf

COAL! COAL! COAL!
 NOW IS THE TIME
 TO LAY IN YOUR STOCK OF COAL FOR THE SEASONS OF COAL
 BEWARE OF A LOW RIVER, SHORT STOCK, AND HIGH PRICES.

WE have just received a supply of Coal from SYRACUSE and GARDNER Mines, which, with our regular supplies of PITTSBURG and SPLIT, make our assortment of COAL THE BEST IN THE CITY. Our prices are uniform and low as those of the Post-office. Office on Third street, opposite the Post-office. m19 b&k W. H. CRITTENDEN.

BANKING HOUSE OF HUTCHINGS & CO.,
 Corner of Main and Bullitt streets.
WE are receiving as one percent, Tennessee currency the following Free State Banks:
 MERCHANTS BANK, Nashville; do;
 BANK OF THE UNION, do;
 CITY BANK, do;
 BANK OF COMMERCE, do;
 TRADERS BANK, do;
 BANK OF CHATTANOOGA, Chattanooga; do;
 NORTHERN BANK TENN., Clarksville; do;
 d12 b&k D&C HUTCHINGS & CO.

REMOVAL.
 We have removed our FINISHING and PIANO WARE-ROOMS to the corner of Main and Sixth streets, Reynolds' new block.

Entrance on Main street, also on Sixth, in rear of same. Factory corner of Fourteenth and Main streets. d24 b&k Jan 14 w4 PETERS, CRAGG, & CO.

PETERS, CRAGG, & CO.
 PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.
 Having increased our facilities, we are now enabled to turn out from ten to twelve Pianos per week. We would respectfully inform our wholesale and retail purchasers that we hope for the future to be able to supply the increased demand for our instruments.

For your convenience we would respectfully refer to the fact, for the last five years, we have received the HIGHEST AWARDS when placed in competition with the *Premier Pianos of New York and Boston*, *Finishing and Piano Workrooms corner of Main and Market streets*. d24 b&k Jan 14 w4 PETERS, CRAGG, & CO.

School Books at A. Davidson's.
 ARITHMETIC—Davis, Colburn, Ray, Ring, Stoddard, Tracy, Smith, and others. GRAMMAR—Butler, Smith, Kirkham, Bullion, and others. GEOGRAPHY—Mitchell, Smith, Colton and Fitch, Collier, and others. READERS—Goodrich, Webb, McGuffey, Sanders, Sargent, and others. PHILOSOPHY—Comstock, Parker, Jones, Gray, and HISTORY—Goodrich, Pennock, Frest, Davenport, and others. GREEK AND LATIN—Bullion, Andrews, Anthion, McClinton, and others. School Books, of every description, Copy Books, Stationery, Books, &c. For sale by A. DAVIDSON, Third st., near Market.

LADIES' RIDING HATS.—Some of the most elegant Riding Hats ever worn are to be had of HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.

MISSES' and Children's Black, Brown, and White Beavers, beautifully trimmed, and sold rapidly at HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'

COUNTRY Merchants are duly notified that it would be decided to the interest of themselves and customers to call and examine our very large stock of Fall and Winter Hats, Caps, and Fancy Furs. s24 j&b HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.

BOYS' and Children's Caps of a great variety of new styles, now selling cheap at HAYES, CRAIG, & CO.'

THE new style DRESS HAT of Hayes, Craig, & Co. is decidedly most stylish and at the same time the most comfortable Hat to be found in the fashionable world. s24 j&b

Musical Instruments at Wholesale.
 Just received a direct importation from the manufacturers: 8 cases Italian and French Violins, all prices; 5 cases French and Spanish Guitars, and styles; 4 cases best French Drums, Flutinas, and Polkas; 3 do Flutes, Clarinets, Flageolets, &c.; 3 do best French Sax Horns, Cornets, Euphones, and Stage Horns; 2 do Italian French, and English Guitar, Violin, and Double Bass.

The above goods are the best we have ever been able to offer to the trade. Purchasers should call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. P. FAULDS & CO.
 Importers and Dealers in Piano-Fortes and Musical Goods. 529 Main st., between Second and Third.

Fifth Piano-For.
 We would call the attention of strangers and all others visiting the city to our extensive assortment of PIANOS, from the most celebrated makers in the Union, covering of FULL GRAND, PARLOR GRAND, and Square PIANOS of every variety of style. Cash prices from \$200 to \$1,000.

N. B. Every Piano sold from our store is fully warranted to give perfect satisfaction or returned and exchanged at our expense. D. P. FAULDS & CO.

Importers, wholesale and Retail Dealers in Musical Merchandise and Publishers of Sheet Music, 109 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson, adjoining Durkee, Heath, & Co.'s Dry Goods and Carpet Workrooms, Louisville, Ky. s24 j&b

JOHN KITTS & CO.
 Strangers visiting the city are invited to call and examine our large assortment of fine goods, consisting of fine WATCHES, elegant JEWELRY, and beautiful styles of SILVER WARE, all of which are bought at the lowest cash prices, and we can offer reductions to all those who wish to purchase. Call and examine our stock at prices.

JOHN KITTS & CO.
 Sign of the Golden Eagle, Main st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

PORTABLE FORGES.
 Jewelers, Compters, Millers, Planters, Rail-Road Builders, and every Mechanic who needs a Smithyshop in complete order.

Also a general assortment of Mechanic Tools wholesale and retail by A. MCBRIDE.

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 No. 69 Third street, between Market and Main, Louisville. The best quality of Tools ever made may always be obtained at the lowest cash prices.

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EVENING BULLETIN.

CURRENCY.—Our private bankers have found themselves compelled to increase the rates of discount on Tennessee money, not from a want of confidence in the banks of that State (for they are as solvent and probably more so than they have ever been), but because they have no Eastern Exchange to redeem their money with, and coin has to be taken in place of their issue, which entails a heavy expense. The three old banks and a few of the free banks are now taken at 2 per cent. discount, while most of the free banks range from 2½ to 5 discount—principally 2½.

The Ohio and Indiana State banks are taken at ½ to 1½ discount, and one of the bankers takes them at par from his customers.

The minimum rate for Indiana and Illinois free bank paper is 2 per cent. discount, but the Illinois is more generally 5 per cent. discount.

There were unfavorable reports circulated yesterday in regard to one of the free banks in Indianapolis, but they are not yet sufficiently authenticated.

The bank rate for Eastern Exchange continues at 1 and the broker's rate at 1½ premium.

The following we take from the Cincinnati Price Current of yesterday:

We believe the Directors of the Trust Company have given up all hope of being able to resume business, and the question now with them is, how much can be saved from the wreck?

The Citizens' Bank is supposed will pay all it owes eventually, but it cannot resume business any more.

The affairs of the Central Bank have not undergone any change for the better. It is still closed, and will probably remain so for some time.

[From this morning's Journal.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16. Official advices have been received from Commander Foote of the sloop-of-war Portsmouth, dated off Menam river, Siam, June 16.

On arriving he proceeded in the king's steamer Banbok, with Consul Bradley, the bearer of the treaty concluded between the United States and Siam. During their stay they were presented to the two kings of the country, and were received with marked consideration by all the members of the court. The second king visited the Plymouth—it was the first instance of a king of Siam going on board a foreign vessel.

The king sent a present of lamp oil, rice, sugar, dried fish, and fruit to the ship, payment for which was perverently declined.

Commander Foote is of opinion that the treaties between Siam and Great Britain, France, and the United States are rapidly developing the resources of that country.

Several vessels were loading for the United States with sugar, the chief staple of the country.

Of the 60,000,000 of domestic specie exported during the year ending the 30th of June, nearly \$1,323,333 was bullion, and, of upwards of 12,500,000 of specie imported, little less than \$500,000 were bullion.

The above statement makes more specific the official table recently published.

Wm. R. Calhoun, of South Carolina, has been appointed Secretary of Legation at Paris, in place of O. Jennings Wise, of Virginia, resigned.

Associate Justice Curtis was to-day officially notified of the acceptance of his resignation of his seat in the Supreme Court of the United States.—The President, through the Attorney General, thanks him for postponing the time for it to take effect until the first of October.

The United States practice ship Plymouth was at Lisbon on the 18th of August. The ordinance practice was continued during the voyage.

There was in port a large Dutch vessel, which had on board a number of midshipmen who had passed the first stage of service in smaller vessels.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.

Kansas' advices say that the Constitutional Convention is organized; John Calhoun, president, having spoken of submitting the constitution to the people.

Five hundred troops left Leavenworth on the 9th for New Mexico.

The St. Joseph Journal gives an account of a battle between Summer's command and a band of Indians about the middle of August, on Arkansas river. The troops lost four and the Indians twenty men.

The Journal says that the report of the slaughter of 400 Indians is unfounded.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.

Wm. C. Godfrey, of the Kansas Expedition, was arrested for stealing a gold watch in an eating saloon. He is also charged with marrying five wives, the last to-day. He is the writer of Godfrey's narrative, in which he severely denounces Dr. Kane.

NORFOLK, Sept. 16.

The schooner C. P. Williams, from Jersey City, bound to York river with ballast, was in the late gale and lost her mainmast and foretopmast.

BOSTON, Sept. 16.

Cotton mill No. 2, at New Market, N. H., was destroyed by fire this morning.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

A contract has been signed between John Butterfield, William B. Dinsmore, William G. Fargo and others, on the one part, and Mr. Dundas, in behalf of the United States Postoffice Department, on the other part. It runs six years at \$600,000 per annum, and goes into effect one year from date. The contractors contemplate forming a joint stock company.

BOSTON, Sept. 16.

The Democratic Convention nominated by acclamation E. D. Beach, of Springfield, for Governor, and Albert Currier, of Newburyport, for Lieutenant Governor. The following other officers were nominated: Secretary of State, Jonathan E. Field; State Treasurer, Charles Thompson; Auditor, S. L. Meade, Attorney General, Ezra Wilkinson.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 16.

The Nashville arrived here early this morning. The Southerner, bound to Havana, put in here in distress, being almost a complete wreck, with 5 feet water in her hold.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.

All the New England and New York county banks refused to-day except at a discount of from 3 to 5 per cent.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16, P. M.

No change in the river since noon. The Missouri is rising slowly. Nothing new from any of the other streams. Weather clear. Mercury 82.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 16, P. M.

River 2 feet and falling. Weather clear. Mercury 70.

Bourbon Bank Stock.—Seventy shares of stock in the Deposit Bank of Paris, Ky., sold yester day for \$139 to the hundred. This bank has been in operation about three years. So great an advance in so short a time is strong evidence of its good management.—*Paris Flyer*.

Patent Butter-Coolers.

The best article ever invented for keeping butter hard and nice in hot weather, a handsome ornament for the table, received from the manufacturer and for sale by FLETCHER & BENNETT.

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DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 17.

The money market continues tight, and, owing to the impossibility of obtaining Eastern exchange in Nashville, the brokers are now charging 2½ cent. discount on the notes of the Tennessee banks and some of the free banks. On other free banks the discount is higher, but it is impossible to classify them. Ohio and Indiana State bank notes are still taken by some brokers at par from their depositors and at ½ discount from others, while most brokers charge ½ discount. The minimum rate for Indiana and Illinois free banks is 2 discount, though on many of them the rates are 5 and even more. The brokers sell Eastern exchange at 1½ prem.; the bankers check for their customers in limited amounts at 1 prem.

Flour dull. We continue to quote superfine at \$4 25 to \$5, most of the sales being in small lots at the outside figure. Prime wheat 70¢/75¢. Dealers are offering for shelled corn 60¢, and for oats 30¢; sales from store at 70¢ and 35¢. A dealer purchased 200 sacks bran at \$6 50 & 70¢. It generally sells in lots at \$8 for bran, \$10 for shorts, and \$14 for shipstuffs.

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NEW BOOKS.

By G. W. Reynolds. Price 50¢.

Or, Three-Fingered Jack, by the author of the Robber's Wife, etc. Price 50¢.

Louis Hohburg, or the Bushranger's Life. Price 25¢.

Appleton's Hand-Book of American Travel. Price 25¢.

Dynevor Terrace, or the Cue of Life, by the author of the Heir of Redclyffe. 2 vols. \$1 50.

The Heiress of Greenhurst, an Autobiography, by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, author of Fashion and Fauna. Price \$1 25.

Vivian, or the Secret of Power, by Mrs. Emma D. E. Southworth. Price \$1 25.

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Hand-Book of American Travel.

A full and reliable Guide by Rail, Steam-boat, and Stage to the Cities, Towns, Water-Falls, Battle-Fields, Mountains, Rivers, Lakes, Hunting and Fishing Grounds, Watering-places, Summer Residences, and all scenes of interest in the United States and the British Provinces. By T. Addison Richards, with careful maps of all parts of the country and pictures of famous places and scenes from original drawings by the author and other artists. Price \$1 25.

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